

EECS 10: Computational Methods in Electrical and Computer Engineering

Lecture 24

Rainer Dömer

doemer@uci.edu

The Henry Samueli School of Engineering
Electrical Engineering and Computer Science
University of California, Irvine

Lecture 24: Overview

- Course Administration
 - Final course evaluation
- File Processing
 - Introduction
 - Standard input and output streams
 - File streams, I/O
 - Standard library functions in `stdio.h`
 - Program example `PhotoLab.c`

Course Administration

- Final Course Evaluation
 - 8th through 10th week
 - Nov. 17, 2004, 8am through **Dec. 5, 2004 11:59pm**
 - Online via EEE Evaluation application
- Feedback from students to instructors
 - Completely voluntary
 - Completely anonymous
 - Very valuable
- Help to improve this class!

File Processing

- Introduction
 - Up to now, all data processed is available only during program run time
 - when the program terminates, all data is lost
 - *Persistent data* is stored even after a program exits
 - Persistent data is stored in files
 - on the harddisk
 - on a removable disk (floppy disk, etc.)
 - on a tape, ...
 - Input and output from/to files is organized as *I/O streams*

File Processing

- I/O Streams
 - Standard I/O streams (opened by the system)
 - `stdin` standard input stream (i.e. `scanf()`)
 - `stdout` standard output stream (i.e. `printf()`)
 - `stderr` standard error stream (i.e. `perror()`)
 - File I/O streams (explicitly opened by a program)
 - Open a file `fopen()`
 - Write data to a file `fprintf()`, `fputs()`, etc.
 - Read data from a file `fscanf()`, `fgets()`, etc.
 - Close a file `fclose()`
 - In C, all I/O functions are ...
 - ... declared in header file `stdio.h`
 - ... implemented in the standard C library

Standard Library Functions

- Functions declared in `stdio.h` (part 1/4)
 - `int printf(const char *fmt, ...);`
 - `int scanf(const char *fmt, ...);`
 - formatted output/input to/from stream `stdin/stdout`
 - `int sprintf(char *s, const char *fmt, ...);`
 - `int sscanf(const char *s, const char *fmt, ...);`
 - formatted output/input to/from a string `s`
 - `int getchar(void);`
 - `int putchar(int c);`
 - input/output of a single character to/from stream `stdin/stdout`
 - `char *gets(char *s);`
 - `int puts(const char *s);`
 - input/output of strings to/from stream `stdin/stdout`

Standard Library Functions

- Functions declared in `stdio.h` (part 2/4)

- `typedef __FILE FILE;`
 - opaque type for a file handle
- `FILE *fopen(const char *n, const char *m);`
 - open file named `n` for input ("r"), output ("w"), or append ("a")
 - returns a file handle, or `NULL` in case of an error
- `int fclose(FILE *f);`
 - closes an open file handle
- `int fflush(FILE *f);`
 - flushes any unwritten data from a buffer into the file
- `int fprintf(FILE *f, const char *fmt, ...);`
- `int fscanf(FILE *f, const char *fmt, ...);`
- `int fgetc(FILE *f);`
- `char *fgets(char *s, int n, FILE *f);`
- `int fputc(int c, FILE *f);`
- `int fputs(const char *s, FILE *f);`
 - input/output functions from/to stream `f`

Standard Library Functions

- Functions declared in `stdio.h` (part 3/4)

- `typedef unsigned int size_t;`
 - type for size of a piece of memory
- `size_t fread(void *p, size_t s, size_t n, FILE *f);`
 - binary input to memory location `p` for `n` times `s` bytes from file `f`
- `size_t fwrite(const void *p, size_t s, size_t n, FILE *f);`
 - binary output from memory location `p` for `n` times `s` bytes to file `f`
- `int fseek(FILE *f, long pos, int w);`
 - move to position `pos` in file `f` (from beginning/current pos/end)
- `long ftell(FILE *f);`
 - return the current position in file `f` (from beginning)
- `void rewind(FILE *f);`
 - move to beginning of file `f`
- `int feof(FILE *f);`
 - check if end of file `f` is reached

Standard Library Functions

- Functions declared in **stdio.h** (part 4/4)
 - **int perror(FILE *f);**
 - returns the current error status for file **f**
 - **void perror(const char *prg);**
 - print current error for program **prg** to stream **stderr**
 - **int remove(const char *filename);**
 - delete file **filename**
 - **int rename(const char *old, const char *new);**
 - rename file **old** to new name **new**

File Processing

- Program example: **PhotoLab.c** (part 1/8)

```
*****  
/* PhotoLab.c: final assignment for EECS 10 in Fall 2004 */  
/*  
/* modifications: (most recent first)  
/* 11/28/04 RD adjusted for lecture usage  
*****  
  
#include <stdio.h>  
#include <stdlib.h>  
  
/** global definitions **/  
  
#define WIDTH 640      /* width of photo */  
#define HEIGHT 480     /* height of photo */  
#define SLEN 80        /* max. string length */  
  
...
```

File Processing

- Program example: **PhotoLab.c** (part 2/8)

```

...
/* write a photo to the specified file from the      */
/* data structure; return 0 for success, >0 for error */

int WritePhotoPPM(
    char Filename[SLEN],
    unsigned char R[WIDTH][HEIGHT],
    unsigned char G[WIDTH][HEIGHT],
    unsigned char B[WIDTH][HEIGHT])
{
    FILE *File;
    int x, y;

    File = fopen(Filename, "w");
    if (!File)
    {
        printf("\nCannot open file \"%s\" for writing!\n",
               Filename);
        return(1);
    }
    ...
}

```

EECS10: Computational Methods in ECE, Lecture 24

(c) 2004 R. Doemer

11

File Processing

- Program example: **PhotoLab.c** (part 3/8)

```

...
fprintf(File, "P6\n");
fprintf(File, "%d %d\n", WIDTH, HEIGHT);
fprintf(File, "255\n");
for(y=0; y<HEIGHT; y++)
{
    for(x=0; x<WIDTH; x++)
    {
        fputc(R[x][y], File);
        fputc(G[x][y], File);
        fputc(B[x][y], File);
    }
}
if (ferror(File))
{
    printf("\nFile error while writing to file!\n");
    return(2);
}
fclose(File);
return(0); /* success! */
} /* end of WritePhotoPPM */
...

```

EECS10: Computational Methods in ECE, Lecture 24

(c) 2004 R. Doemer

12

File Processing

- Program example: **PhotoLab.c** (part 4/8)

```
...
/* read a photo from the specified file into the      */
/* data structure; return 0 for success, >0 for error */

int ReadPhotoPPM( char Filename[SLEN],
                  unsigned char R[WIDTH][HEIGHT],
                  unsigned char G[WIDTH][HEIGHT],
                  unsigned char B[WIDTH][HEIGHT])
{
    FILE *File;
    char Type[SLEN];
    int Width, Height, MaxValue, x, y;

    File = fopen(Filename, "r");
    if (!File)
    {
        printf("\nCannot open file \"%s\" for reading!\n",
               Filename);
        return(1);
    }
    ...
}
```

EECS10: Computational Methods in ECE, Lecture 24

(c) 2004 R. Doemer

13

File Processing

- Program example: **PhotoLab.c** (part 5/8)

```
...
fscanf(File, "%79s", Type);
if (Type[0] != 'P' || Type[1] != '6' || Type[2] != 0)
{
    printf("\nUnsupported file format!\n");
    return(2);
}
fscanf(File, "%d", &Width);
if (Width != WIDTH)
{
    printf("\nUnsupported image width %d!\n", Width);
    return(3);
}
fscanf(File, "%d", &Height);
if (Height != HEIGHT)
{
    printf("\nUnsupported image height %d!\n", Height);
    return(4);
}
...
}
```

EECS10: Computational Methods in ECE, Lecture 24

(c) 2004 R. Doemer

14

File Processing

- Program example: **PhotoLab.c** (part 6/8)

```
...
fscanf(File, "%d", &MaxValue);
if (MaxValue != 255)
{
    printf("\nUnsupported maximum %d!\n", MaxValue);
    return(5);
}
if ('\n' != fgetc(File))
{
    printf("\nCarriage return expected!\n");
    return(6);
}
for(y=0; y<HEIGHT; y++)
{
    for(x=0; x<WIDTH; x++)
    {
        R[x][y] = fgetc(File);
        G[x][y] = fgetc(File);
        B[x][y] = fgetc(File);
    }
}
...
```

File Processing

- Program example: **PhotoLab.c** (part 7/8)

```
...
if (ferror(File))
{
    printf("\nFile error while reading from file!\n");
    return(7);
}
fclose(File);
return(0); /* success! */
} /* end of ReadPhotoPPM */

...
```

File Processing

- Program example: **PhotoLab.c** (part 8/8)

```
...
/** main program **/

int main(void)
{
    unsigned char R[WIDTH][HEIGHT];
    unsigned char G[WIDTH][HEIGHT];
    unsigned char B[WIDTH][HEIGHT];

    ReadPhotoPPM("SimonsToys.ppm", R, G, B);
    /* do something to the picture ... */
    WritePhotoPPM("Output.ppm", R, G, B);

    return 0;
} /* end of main */

/* EOF */
```

EECS10: Computational Methods in ECE, Lecture 24

(c) 2004 R. Doemer

17

File Processing

- Example session:

```
% vi PhotoLab.c
% gcc PhotoLab.c -o PhotoLab -Wall -ansi
% PhotoLab
% pnmtojpeg Output.ppm > Output.jpg
%
```



EECS10: Computational Methods in ECE, Lecture 24

(c) 2004 R. Doemer

18

File Processing

- Example session:

```
% vi PhotoLab.c
% gcc PhotoLab.c -o PhotoLab -Wall -ansi
% PhotoLab
% pnmtojpeg Output.ppm > Output.jpg
%
% vi PhotoLab.c      (exchange R and G when writing)
% gcc PhotoLab.c -o PhotoLab -Wall -ansi
% PhotoLab
% pnmtojpeg Output.ppm > Output2.jpg
%
```



EECS10: Computational Methods in ECE, Lecture 24



(c) 2004 R. Doemer

19