

EECS 10: Computational Methods in Electrical and Computer Engineering

Lecture 24

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Lecture 24: Overview

- Course Administration
 - Reminder: Final course evaluation
- Translation Units
 - Introduction
 - Compiler components
 - Modules
 - Program example **PhotoLab2**
 - Module **FileIO**
 - Module **Scale**
 - Module **Main**

Course Administration

- Final Course Evaluation
 - Closes end of this week!
 - Nov. 13, 2006, 8am through Dec. 3, 2006, 11:45pm
 - Online via EEE Evaluation application
- Evaluation of Course and Instructor
 - Voluntary
 - Anonymous
 - Very valuable
 - Help to improve this class!
- Please spend 5 minutes!

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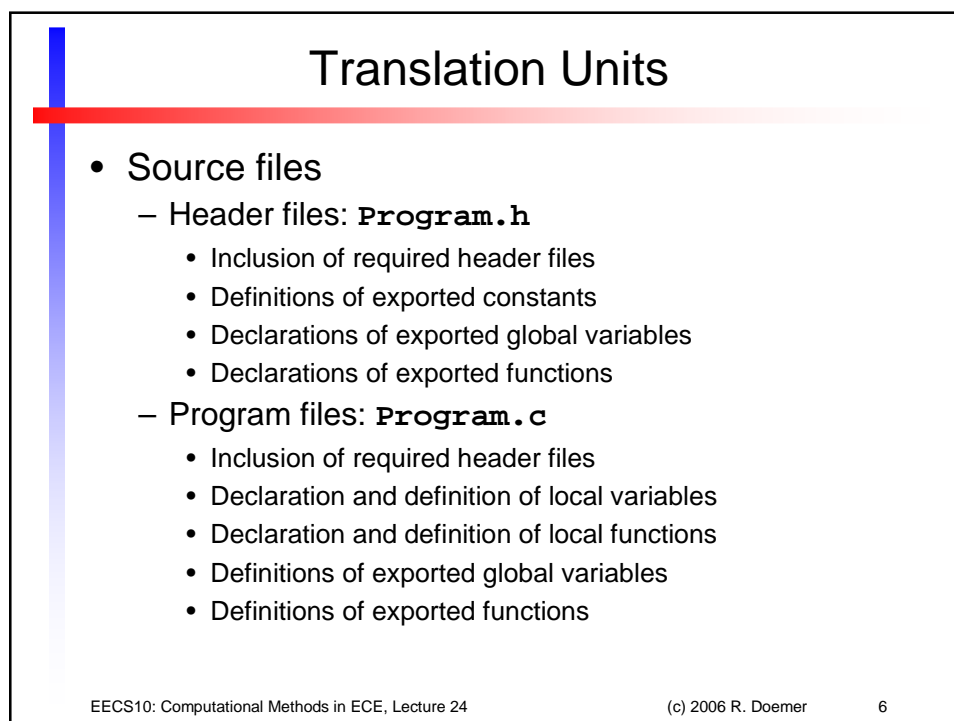
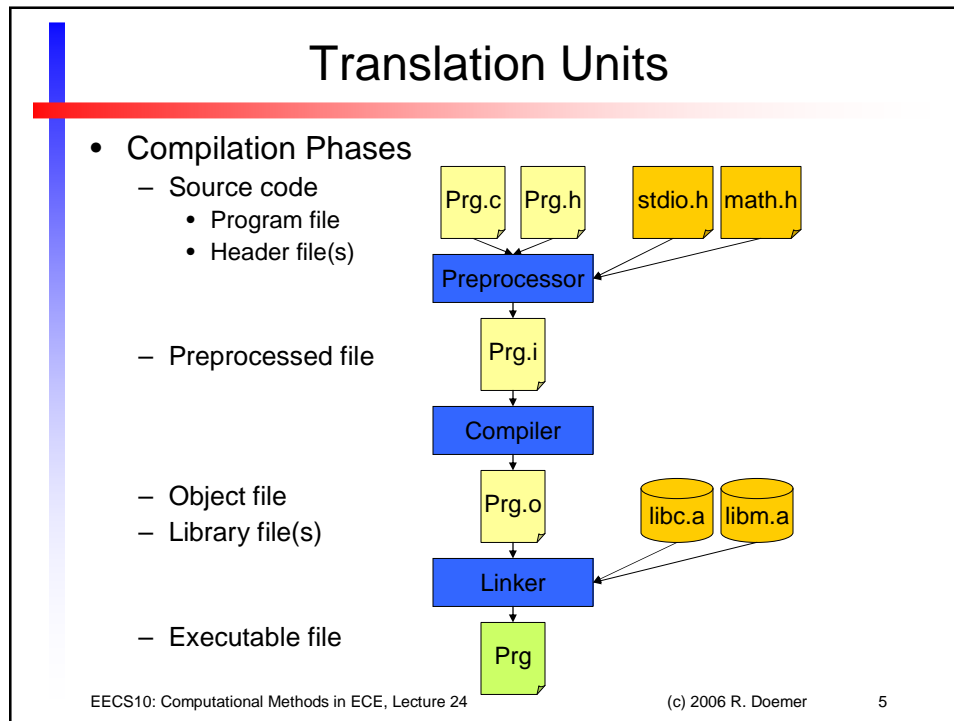
Translation Units

- Introduction
 - C compilation process is a sequence of phases
 - Preprocessing (handle # directives)
 - Scanning and parsing (generate internal data structure)
 - Instruction generation (emit stream of CPU instructions)
 - Assembly (generate binary object file)
 - Linking (combine objects into executable file)
 - C compiler consists of separate components
 - Preprocessor (processes # directives)
 - Compiler (compiles and assembles code)
 - Linker (processes object files and libraries)

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Translation Units

- C Preprocessor
 - preprocesses source files
 - handles # directives
- Preprocessing Directives
 - Constant definition
 - Macro definition
 - Header file inclusion
 - Conditional compilation

```
#define WIDTH 640
```

```
#define ABS(x) (x>0 ? x : -x)
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#define DEBUG /* comment out to turn debugging off */
...
#ifdef DEBUG
printf("x is now %d\n", x);
#endif
```

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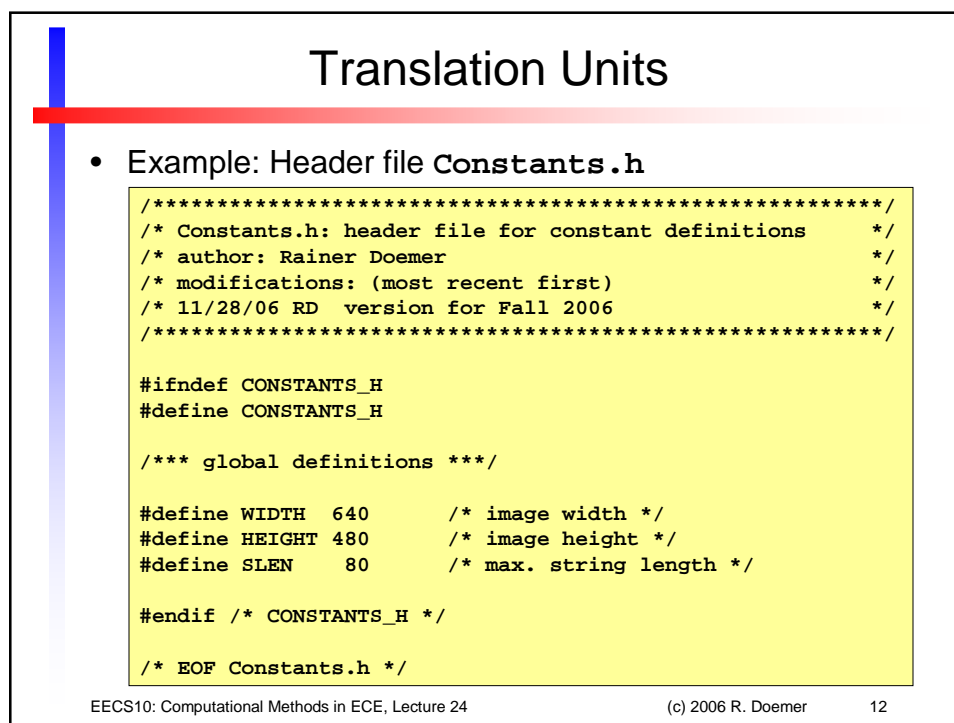
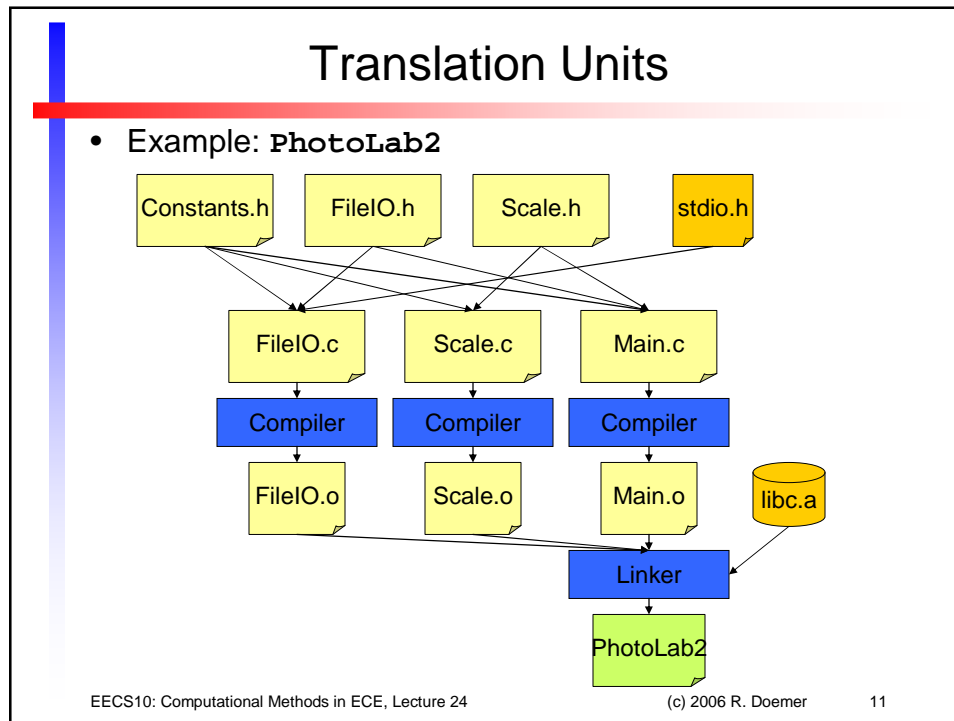
Translation Units

- Object files
 - **Program.o**
 - Compiled object code of source file **Program.c**
 - Use option **-c** in GNU compiler call to create object files
 gcc -c Program.c -o Program.o -Wall -ansi
 - **Library.a**
 - Archive of compiled object files
- Executable file
 - **Program**
 - Object files and libraries linked together into a complete file ready for execution
 - GNU compiler recognizes object files by **.o** suffix, so object files and libraries require no special option
 gcc Program.o -lc -lm -o Program

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Translation Units

- Example: Header file `FileIO.h`

```

/*****
/* FileIO.h: header file for I/O module */
/*****
#ifndef FILE_IO_H
#define FILE_IO_H

#include "Constants.h"

int ReadPPM( /* read a photo from file */
             char Filename[SLEN],
             unsigned char R[WIDTH][HEIGHT],
             unsigned char G[WIDTH][HEIGHT],
             unsigned char B[WIDTH][HEIGHT]);

int WritePPM( /* write a photo to file */
              char Filename[SLEN],
              unsigned char R[WIDTH][HEIGHT],
              unsigned char G[WIDTH][HEIGHT],
              unsigned char B[WIDTH][HEIGHT]);

#endif /* FILE_IO_H */
/* EOF FileIO.h */

```

Translation Units

- Example: Program file `FileIO.c`

```

/*****
/* FileIO.c: program file for I/O module */
/*****

#include <stdio.h>
#include "FileIO.h"

/** function definitions */

int ReadPPM(char Filename[SLEN],
             unsigned char R[WIDTH][HEIGHT],
             unsigned char G[WIDTH][HEIGHT],
             unsigned char B[WIDTH][HEIGHT])
{ /* ... function body ... */
}

int WritePPM(char Filename[SLEN],
              unsigned char R[WIDTH][HEIGHT],
              unsigned char G[WIDTH][HEIGHT],
              unsigned char B[WIDTH][HEIGHT])
{ /* ... function body ... */
}

/* EOF FileIO.c */

```

Translation Units

- Example: Header file `scale.h`

```

/*****
 * Scale.h: header file for scaling operation
 *****/

#ifndef SCALE_H
#define SCALE_H

/** header files */
#include "Constants.h"

/** function declarations */

void Scale( /* scale the image vertically */
           unsigned char R[WIDTH][HEIGHT],
           unsigned char G[WIDTH][HEIGHT],
           unsigned char B[WIDTH][HEIGHT],
           double        ScaleFactor);

#endif /* SCALE_H */

/* EOF Scale.h */

```

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Translation Units

- Example: Program file `scale.c`

```

/*****
 * Scale.c: program file for scaling operation
 *****/

#include "Scale.h"

/** function definitions */

/* scale the image vertically */

void Scale(
           unsigned char R[WIDTH][HEIGHT],
           unsigned char G[WIDTH][HEIGHT],
           unsigned char B[WIDTH][HEIGHT],
           double        ScaleFactor)
{
    /* ... function body ... */
}

/* EOF Scale.c */

```

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Translation Units

- Example: Program file **Main.c**

```

/*****
/* Main.c: main program file */
/*****

#include "Constants.h"
#include "FileIO.h"
#include "Scale.h"

int main(void)
{
    unsigned char R[WIDTH][HEIGHT];
    unsigned char G[WIDTH][HEIGHT];
    unsigned char B[WIDTH][HEIGHT];

    ReadPPM("Input.ppm", R, G, B);
    Scale(R, G, B, 2.0);
    WritePPM("Output.ppm", R, G, B);

    return 0;
} /* end of main */

/* EOF Main.c */

```

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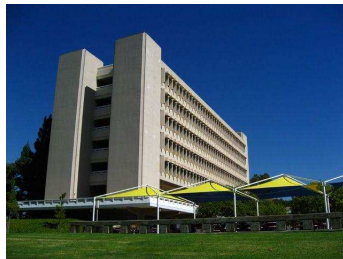
Translation Units

- Example session:

```

% vi Constants.h
% vi FileIO.h
% vi FileIO.c
% vi Scale.h
% vi Scale.c
% vi Main.c
% gcc -c FileIO.c -o FileIO.o -Wall -ansi
% gcc -c Scale.c -o Scale.o -Wall -ansi
% gcc -c Main.c -o Main.o -Wall -ansi
% gcc FileIO.o Scale.o Main.o -o PhotoLab2
% PhotoLab2
%

```



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