EECS 10: Computational Methods in Electrical and Computer Engineering Lecture 3

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Lecture 3: Overview

- · Introduction to Programming in C
 - History of C
 - Introduction to C
- Our first C Program
 - Example HelloWorld.c
 - Structure of a C program
 - printf() function
 - Program compilation and execution
 - String constants

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Introduction to Programming

Categories of programming languages

Machine languages (stream of 1's and 0's)
 Assembly languages (low-level CPU instructions)
 High-level languages (high-level instructions)

Translation of high-level languages

Interpreter (translation for each instruction)
 Compiler (translation once for all code)
 Hybrid (combination of the above)

Types of programming languages

Functional (e.g. Lisp)

Structured (e.g. Pascal, C, Ada)Object-oriented (e.g. C++, Java, Python)

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History of C

- Evolved from BCPL and B
 - in the 60's and 70's
- Created in 1972 by Dennis Ritchie (Bell Labs)
 - first implementation on DEC PDP-11
 - added concept of typing (and other features)
 - development language of UNIX operating system
- "Traditional" C
 - 1978, "The C Programming Language", by Brian W. Kernighan, Dennis M. Ritchie
 - ported to most platforms
- ANSI C
 - standardized in 1989 by ANSI and OSI
 - standard updated in 1999

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Introduction to C

- What is C?
 - Programming language
 - · high-level
 - · structured
 - · compiled
 - Standard library
 - · rich collection of existing functions
- Why C?
 - de-facto standard in software development
 - code is portable to many different platforms
 - supports structured and functional programming
 - easy transition to object-oriented programming
 - C++ / Java
 - freely available for most platforms

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Our first C Program

• Program example: HelloWorld.c

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Our first C Program

- · Program comments
 - start with /* and end with */
 - are ignored by the compiler
 - should be used to
 - modia bo acca to
 - document the program code
 - structure the program code
 - · enhance the readability
- #include preprocessor directive
 - inserts a header file into the code
- standard header file <stdio.h>
 - part of the C standard library
 - contains declarations of standard types and functions for data input and output (e.g. function printf())

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Our first C Program

- int main(void)
 - main function of the C program
 - the program execution starts (and ends) here
 - main must return an integer (int) value to the operating system at the end of its execution
 - · return value of 0 indicates successful completion
 - · return value greater than 0 usually indicates an error condition
- function body
 - block of code
 - (definitions and statements)
 - starts with an opening brace ({)
 - ends with a closing brace ()
- printf() function
 - formatted output (to stdout)
- return statement
 - ends a function and returns its argument as result

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printf("Hello World!\n");

/* main function */

int main(void)

/* EOF */

return 0;

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Our first C Program

- Program compilation
 - compiler translates the code into an executable program
 - gcc HelloWorld.c
 - compiler reads file HelloWorld.c and creates file a.out
 - options may be specified to direct the compilation
 - -o HelloWorld specifies output file name
 - -ansi -wall specifies ANSI code with all warnings
- Program execution
 - use the generated executable as command
 - HelloWorld
 - the operating system loads the program (loader), then executes its instructions (program execution), and finally resumes when the program has terminated

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Our first C Program

Example session: HelloWorld.c

```
east% mkdir HelloWorld
east% cd HelloWorld
east% ls
east% vi HelloWorld.c
east% ls
HelloWorld.c
east% ls -1
-rw-r--r-- 1 doemer
                                         263 Sep 28 22:11 HelloWorld.c
east% gcc HelloWorld.c
east% ls -1
-rw-r--r-- 1 doemer faculty -rwxr-xr-x 1 doemer faculty
                                           263 Sep 28 22:11 HelloWorld.c
                                        6352 Sep 28 22:12 a.out*
east% a.out
Hello World!
east% gcc -Wall -ansi HelloWorld.c -o HelloWorld
east% ls -1
-rwxr-xr-x 1 doemer faculty
-rw-r--r- 1 doemer faculty
-rwxr-xr-x 1 doemer faculty
                                       6356 Sep 28 22:17 HelloWorld*
263 Sep 28 22:17 HelloWorld.c
                                       6352 Sep 28 22:12 a.out*
east% HelloWorld
Hello World!
```

Our first C Program

- · Character string constants: "Strings"
 - start and end with a double quote character (")
 - may not extend over a single line
 - subsequent string constants are combined
 - text formatting using escape sequences
 - \n new line
 - \t horizontal tab
 - \r carriage return
 - \ъ back space
 - \a alert / bell
 - \\ backslash character
 - \" double quote character
- Experiments with the Helloworld program...

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