

EECS22 Lab Week3

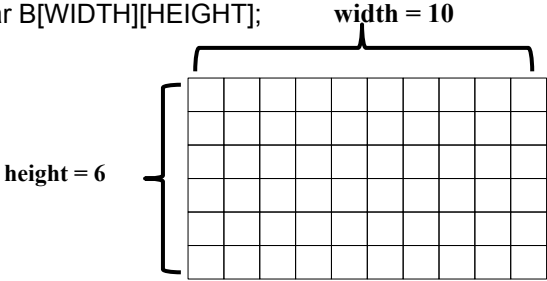
TA: Weiwei CHEN
Office hour: Mon, 11:00-12:50am EH 1141
weiwei.chen@uci.edu
eecs22@eecs.uci.edu

Assignment 2

- A manual driven digital image processing program.
- Using function calls for image inputing / outputing, image processing, and testing.
 - Function declaration, function definition, function call
 - Function parameters, argument.
 - Scope of the variables.
- Two-week assignment. Plan the schedule of your work. Start it early!
 - Week1: Setup the working environment. Design the user menu. Build up the frame of the operation functions. Try 1~2 operations on the image?
 - Week2: Complete the operations. Test your program?
- Use the web browser to view your image.

How to manipulate a picture

- The data structure to represent a picture in computer
 - Two-dimensional arrays for the intensities of each pixel
 - unsigned char R[WIDTH][HEIGHT];
 - unsigned char G[WIDTH][HEIGHT];
 - unsigned char B[WIDTH][HEIGHT];

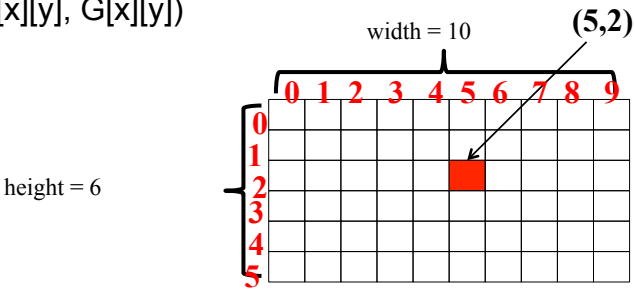


height = 6 width = 10

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How to manipulate a picture

- How to access every pixels in a picture
 - Coordinate of a pixel (x, y),
 - x is the number of the column
 - y is the number of the row
 - The color tuple of the pixel (x, y) is (R[x][y], B[x][y], G[x][y])



height = 6 width = 10

(5,2)

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

0 1 2 3 4 5

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How to manipulate a picture

- How to access every pixels in a picture in C

- List all the possible coordinates of a pixel

- (0,0), (1,0), (2,0), ..., (9,0)
- (0,1), (1,1), (2,1), ..., (9,1)
- ...
- (0,5), (1,5), (2,5), ..., (9,5)

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0										
1										
2										
3										
4										
5										

- Use two for-loops to scan all the pixels in a picture

- Inner loop: fix the number of the column, iterate the pixels in the same column with different row numbers
- Outer loop: iterate all the columns.

```
for (x= 0; x < WIDTH; x ++){
  for(y=0; y<HEIGHT; y++){
    operations for pixel(x,y);
  }
}
```

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Assignment 2

- Black & White

- Get the average value of the three color channels for each pixel (x,y).
- Set R[x][y], B[x][y] and G[x][y] to be the average value.

- Negative

- Subtract R[x][y], B[x][y] and G[x][y] from 255 and set the new value back.

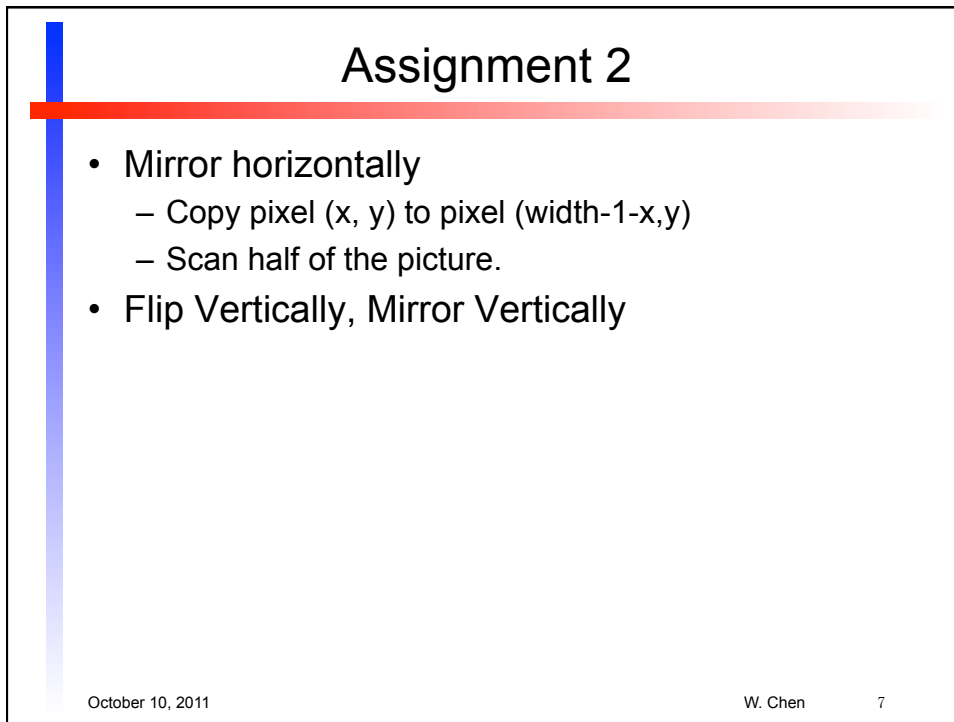
- Flip horizontally

- Swap pixel (x,y) and pixel (width-1-x, y)
- Scan half of the picture

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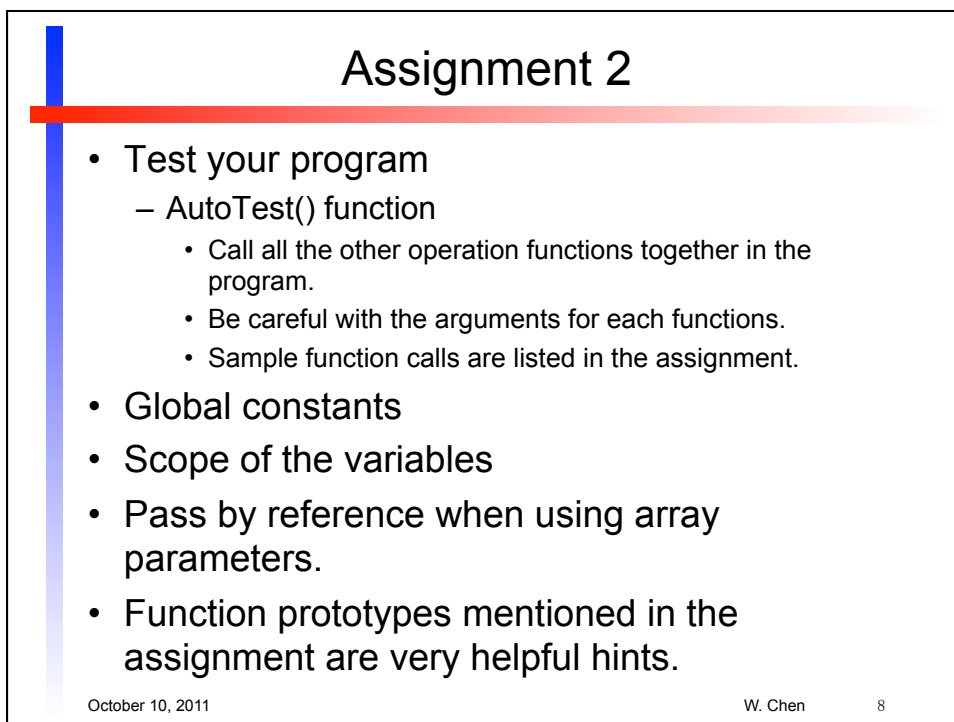
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Assignment 2

- Mirror horizontally
 - Copy pixel (x, y) to pixel (width-1-x,y)
 - Scan half of the picture.
- Flip Vertically, Mirror Vertically

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Assignment 2

- Test your program
 - AutoTest() function
 - Call all the other operation functions together in the program.
 - Be careful with the arguments for each functions.
 - Sample function calls are listed in the assignment.
- Global constants
- Scope of the variables
- Pass by reference when using array parameters.
- Function prototypes mentioned in the assignment are very helpful hints.

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