

## EECS22 Lab Week7

TA: Weiwei CHEN  
Office hour: Mon, 11:00-12:50am EH 1141  
weiwei.chen@uci.edu  
eecs22@eecs.uci.edu

## Midterm Evaluation

- Midterm Course Evaluation: Results
  - Participation
    - 9 out of 19 students (47.37%)
    - Thank you very much!
  - Specific Feedback
    - Overall very positive and encouraging
    - Some great suggestions
      - Have small examples on the white board
      - Design the assignment a little better

## Assignment 4

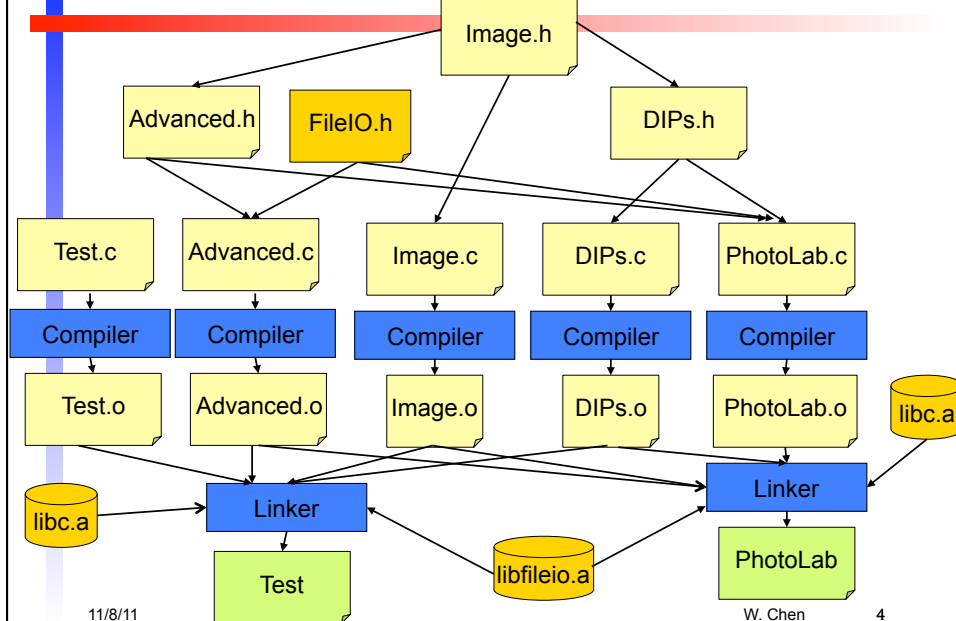
- Use dynamic memory allocation to handle images with different sizes.
- Use structures and pointers
- Use the Valgrind tool to check the memory usage of the program
- Makefile Development for compiling multiple modules into one program, and link against libraries.

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## PhotoLab Modules



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## Dynamic Memory Allocation

- Dynamic Memory Allocation (slides 13, lecture 12)
  - IMAGE \*CreateImage(int W, int H)
  - Void DeleteImage(IMAGE \*image)
- Structure (slides 6~9, lecture 11)
- Pointers

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## Advanced DIP functions

- Rotate-90-degrees
  - Original image size: W x H
  - Rotated image size: H x W
  - Mapping functions for pixel coordinates
    - Pixel (x, y) in the original image
    - Pixel (x', y') in the new image
    - $x' = f(x, y) = \text{height} - 1 - y$
    - $y' = g(x, y) = x$

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## Advanced DIP functions

- **Resize**
  - Original image size:  $W \times H$
  - Resized image size:  $H \times (\text{percentage} / 100)$   
 $W \times (\text{percentage} / 100)$
  - Mapping functions for pixel coordinates
    - Pixel  $(x, y)$  in the original image
    - Pixel  $(x', y')$  in the new image
    - Percentage  $\geq 100$
    - Percentage  $< 100$

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## Advanced DIP functions

- **Overlay**
  - `IMAGE *image = CreateImage(W, H);`
  - `ReadImage("sailing.ppm", image);`
  - `IMAGE *imageS = CreateImage(W', H')`
  - `ReadImage("rowing.ppm", imageS);`
  - If the pixel in imageS is not `white(255, 255, 255)` or `blue(102, 153, 204)`,  
copy pixel  $(x, y)$  in imageS to  
 $(x+\text{offset}_x, y +\text{offset}_y)$  to image.

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