

ECPS 203

Embedded Systems Modeling and Design

Lecture 4

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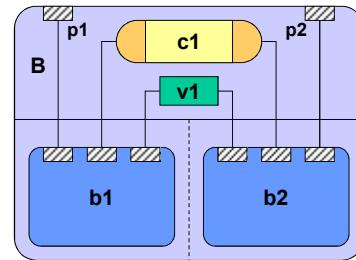


Lecture 4: Overview

- Review: System Modeling Concepts
 - Structural hierarchy
 - Behavioral hierarchy
- System Modeling Concepts
 - Communication
 - Synchronization
 - Time
- Project Discussion
 - Assignment 1
 - Assignment 2

System Modeling Concepts

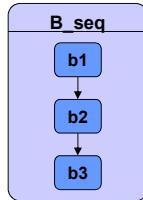
- Structural Hierarchy
 - Classes and instances
 - Top behavior/module
 - Child behavior/module
 - Channel
 - Interface
 - Variable (wire)
 - Port



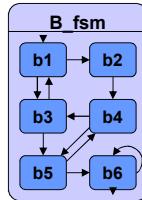
System Modeling Concepts

- Behavioral hierarchy (in SpecC)

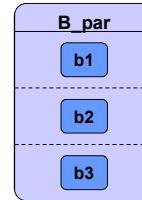
Sequential execution



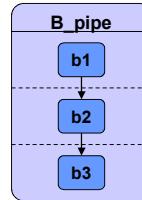
FSM execution



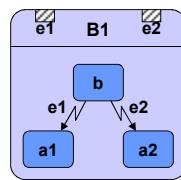
Concurrent execution



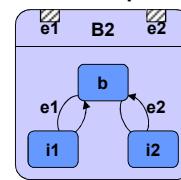
Pipelined execution



Exception handling, abortion

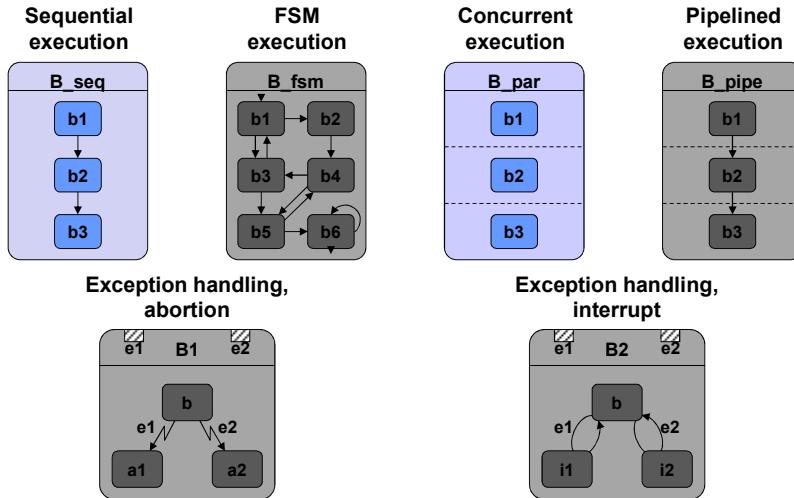


Exception handling, interrupt



System Modeling Concepts

- Behavioral hierarchy: Limited support in SystemC



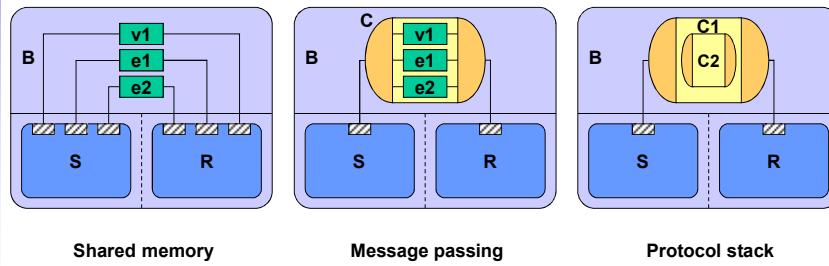
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System Modeling Concepts

- Communication and Synchronization
 - via shared variables and events
 - via channels with interfaces
 - via hierarchical channels



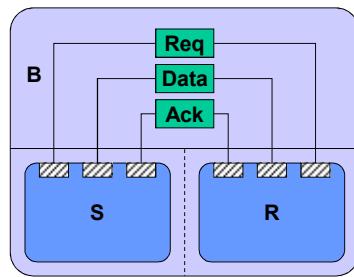
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System Modeling Concepts

- Synchronization (SpecC)
 - Event type
 - **event <event_List>;**
 - Synchronization primitives
 - **wait <event_list>;**
 - **notify <event_list>;**



```

behavior S(out event Req,
           out float Data,
           in event Ack)
{
    float X;
    void main(void)
    {
        ...
        Data = X;
        notify Req;
        wait Ack;
        ...
    }
};

behavior R(in event Req,
           in float Data,
           out event Ack)
{
    float Y;
    void main(void)
    {
        ...
        wait Req;
        Y = Data;
        notify Ack;
        ...
    }
};

```

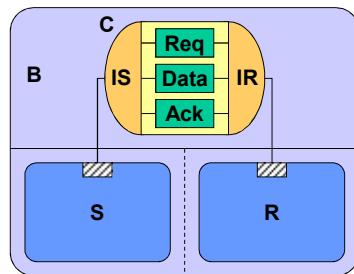
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System Modeling Concepts

- Communication (SpecC)
 - Interface class
 - **interface <name>**
 { <declarations> };
 - Channel class
 - **channel <name>**
 implements <interfaces>
 { <implementations> };



```

interface IS
{
    void Send(float);
};

interface IR
{
    float Receive(void);
};

channel C
    implements IS, IR
{
    event Req;
    float Data;
    event Ack;

    void Send(float X)
    {
        Data = X;
        notify Req;
        wait Ack;
    }

    float Receive(void)
    {
        float Y;
        wait Req;
        Y = Data;
        notify Ack;
        return Y;
    }
};

```

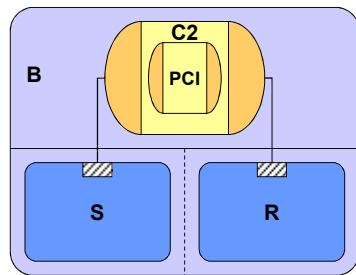
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System Modeling Concepts

- Hierarchical Channel
 - Virtual channel implemented by standard bus protocol
 - SpecC example: simplified PCI bus



```

interface PCI_IF
{
    void Transfer(
        enum Mode,
        int NumBytes,
        int Address);
};

behavior S(IS Port)
{
    float X;
    void main(void)
    {
        ...
        Port.Send(X);
        ...
    };
}

behavior R(IR Port)
{
    float Y;
    void main(void)
    {
        ...
        Y=Port.Receive();
        ...
    };
}
channel PCI
    implements PCI_IF;
channel C2
    implements IS, IR
{
    PCI Bus;
    void Send(float X)
    {
        Bus.Transfer(
            PCI_WRITE,
            sizeof(X), &X);
    }
    float Receive(void)
    {
        float Y;
        Bus.Transfer(
            PCI_READ,
            sizeof(Y), &Y);
        return Y;
    };
}

```

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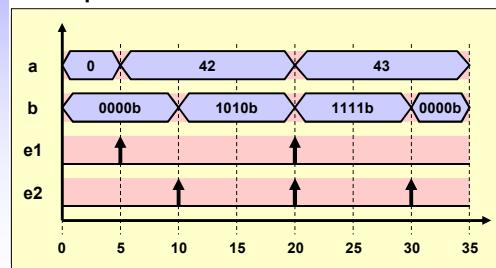
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System Modeling Concepts

- Time
 - Timing delay
 - `waitfor <delay>;`

Example: Stimulus for a test bench



Example (SpecC)

```

behavior Stimulus
    (inout int      a,
     inout bit[4]   b,
     out event     e1,
     out event     e2)
{
    void main(void)
    {
        waitfor 5;
        a = 42;
        notify e1;

        waitfor 5;
        b = 1010b;
        notify e2;

        waitfor 10;
        a++;
        b |= 0101b;
        notify e1, e2;

        waitfor 10;
        b = 0;
        notify e2;
    };
}

```

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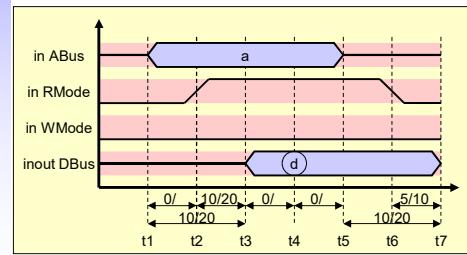
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System Modeling Concepts

- Time
 - Timing delay
 - `waitfor <delay>;`
 - Timing constraints
 - `do { <actions> }`
 - `timing {<constraints>}`

Example: SRAM read protocol



```
Specification (SpecC)
bit[7:0] Read_SRAM(bit[15:0] a)
{
    bit[7:0] d;

    do { t1: {ABus = a;   }
        t2: {RMode = 1;
              WMode = 0;   }
        t3: {           }
        t4: {d = Dbus;   }
        t5: {ABus = 0;   }
        t6: {RMode = 0;
              WMode = 0;   }
        t7: {           }
    }
    timing { range(t1; t2; 0;   );
              range(t1; t3; 10; 20);
              range(t2; t3; 10; 20);
              range(t3; t4; 0;   );
              range(t4; t5; 0;   );
              range(t5; t7; 10; 20);
              range(t6; t7; 5; 10);
    }
    return(d);
}
```

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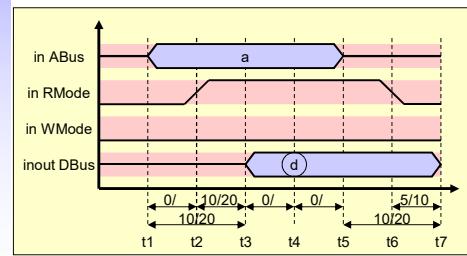
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System Modeling Concepts

- Time
 - Timing delay
 - `waitfor <delay>;`
 - Timing constraints
 - `do { <actions> }`
 - `timing {<constraints>}`

Example: SRAM read protocol



Implementation 1 (SpecC)

```
bit[7:0] Read_SRAM(bit[15:0] a)
{
    bit[7:0] d;

    do { t1: {ABus = a;  waitfor( 2);}
        t2: {RMode = 1;  waitfor(12);}
        t3: {           waitfor( 5);}
        t4: {d = Dbus;  waitfor( 5);}
        t5: {ABus = 0;  waitfor( 2);}
        t6: {RMode = 0;
              WMode = 0;  waitfor(10);}
        t7: {           }
    }
    timing { range(t1; t2; 0;   );
              range(t1; t3; 10; 20);
              range(t2; t3; 10; 20);
              range(t3; t4; 0;   );
              range(t4; t5; 0;   );
              range(t5; t7; 10; 20);
              range(t6; t7; 5; 10);
    }
    return(d);
}
```

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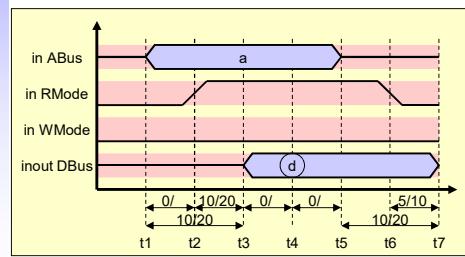
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System Modeling Concepts

- Time
 - Timing delay
 - **waitfor <delay>;**
 - Timing constraints
 - **do { <actions> }**
 - timing {<constraints>}**

Example: SRAM read protocol



```
Implementation 2 (SpecC)
bit[7:0] Read_SRAM(bit[15:0] a)
{
    bit[7:0] d;           // ASAP Schedule

    do {
        t1: {ABus = a; }
        t2: {RMode = 1;
              WMode = 0; waitfor(10);}
        t3: {d = Dbus; }
        t4: {d = Dbus; }
        t5: {ABus = 0; }
        t6: {RMode = 0;
              WMode = 0; waitfor(10);}
        t7: { }
    }
    timing { range(t1; t2; 0; );
               range(t1; t3; 10; 20);
               range(t2; t3; 10; 20);
               range(t3; t4; 0; );
               range(t4; t5; 0; );
               range(t5; t7; 10; 20);
               range(t6; t7; 5; 10);
    }
    return(d);
}
```

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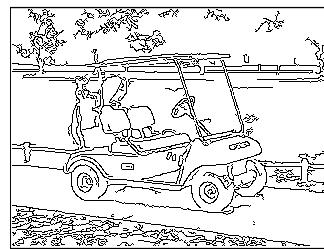
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ECPS 203 Project

- Application Example: Canny Edge Detector
 - Embedded system model for image processing:
Automatic edge detection in a digital camera



golfcart.pgm



golfcart.pgm_s_0.60_l_0.30_h_0.80.pgm

- Application source and documentation:
 - http://marathon.csee.usf.edu/edge/edge_detection.html
 - http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Canny_edge_detector

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Project Assignment 1

- Task: Introduction to Application Example
 - Canny Edge Detector
 - Algorithm for edge detection in digital images
- Steps
 1. Setup your Linux programming environment
 2. Download, adjust, and compile the application C code with the GNU C compiler (`gcc`)
 3. Study the application, determine function-call tree
- Deliverables
 - Source code and text file: `canny.c`, `canny.txt`
- Due
 - Wednesday, October 10, 2018, 6pm

Project Assignment 2

- Task: Clean C++ model with static memory allocation
 - Prepare the C++ source code for modeling in SystemC
 - Configure parameters for specific application
 - Apply static memory allocation
- Steps
 1. Fix the off-by-one bug in the `non_max_supp` function
 2. Clean-up the code for compilation without warnings
 3. Fix configuration parameters to compile-time constants
 4. Remove or replace dynamic memory allocation
- Deliverables
 - Source code and text file: `canny.cpp`, `canny.txt`
- Due
 - Wednesday, next week: October 17, 2018, 6pm