

ECPS 203

Embedded Systems Modeling and Design

Lecture 12

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Lecture 12: Overview

- Course Administration
 - Midterm course evaluation, results
- Project Discussion
 - Status and next steps
- Assignment 5
 - Test bench model of the Canny Edge Detector
- Assignment 6
 - Structural refinement of the DUT module
 - Model development on the whiteboard
 - Profiling of the Canny Edge Detector functions
 - Discussion

Course Administration

- Midterm Course Evaluation: Results
 - 6 out of 17 responses: indicative, but not representative
 - Very positive feedback
 - Few suggestions for changes
 - Very good scores
 - Letter grade “A”
- Thank you!

ECPS 203 Project

- Application Example: Canny Edge Detector
 - Embedded system model for image processing:
Automatic edge detection in a video camera of a drone



Engineering012.png



Engineering012_edges.pgm

- Video taken by a drone flying over UCI Engineering Plaza
 - Available on the server: `~ecps203/public/DroneFootage/`
 - High resolution, 2704 by 1520 pixes
 - Representative sample, using 30 extracted frames for test bench model

Project Assignment 5

- Task: Test bench for the Canny Edge Detector
 - Convert C++ model to SystemC model
 - Add a test bench structure around the C++ model
 - Wrap DUT into a platform model with explicit I/O units
- Steps
 1. Create test bench structure: Stimulus, Platform, Monitor
 2. Create platform model: DataIn, DUT, DataOut
 3. Localize functions and use `sc_fifo` channels for communication
 - Pay attention to stack sizes for every thread
- Deliverables
 - SystemC source code and text file: `Canny.cpp`, `Canny.txt`
- Due
 - Wednesday, November 6, 2019, 6pm

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Project Assignment 5

- Task: Test bench for the Canny Edge Detector
 - Expected instance tree


```

Top top
|----- Monitor monitor
|----- Platform platform
|           |----- DUT canny
|           |----- DataIn din
|           |----- DataOut dout
|           |----- sc_fifo<IMAGE> q1
|           \----- sc_fifo<IMAGE> q2
|----- Stimulus stimulus
|----- sc_fifo<IMAGE> q1
\----- sc_fifo<IMAGE> q2
          
```

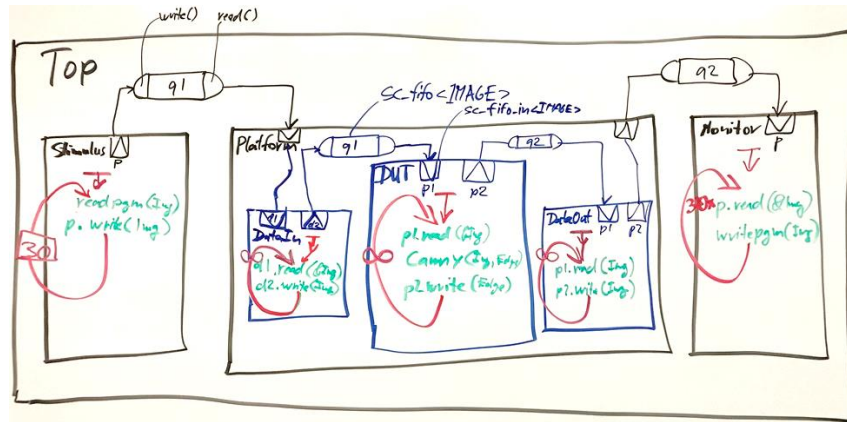
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Project Assignment 5

- Task: Test bench for the Canny Edge Detector
 - Discussion on whiteboard: Top-level and Platform structure



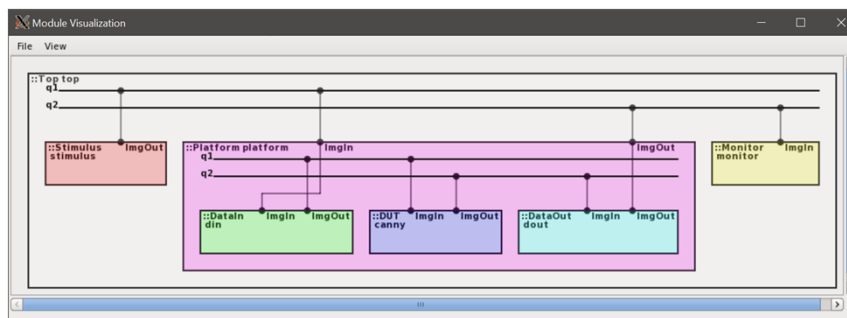
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Project Assignment 5

- Task: Test bench for the Canny Edge Detector
 - Expected graphical structure with RISC v0.5.0 *visual* tool



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Project Assignment 6

- Task: Structural refinement of the DUT module
 - Refine the structural hierarchy of the DUT module
 - Refine the structural hierarchy of the Gaussian Smooth module
 - Profile the relative complexity of the Canny functions
- Steps
 1. Create structure in DUT: Gaussian Smooth, ..., Apply Hysteresis
 2. Create structure in Gaussian Smooth: Input, Gauss, BlurX, BlurY
 3. Profile the algorithm, obtain relative computational complexity
- Deliverables
 - `Canny.cpp` (refined structural model)
 - `Canny.txt` (profile of relative complexity of the DUT modules)
- Due
 - Wednesday, November 13, 2019, 6pm

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Project Assignment 6

- Step 1: Refined structure of the DUT module
 - Expected module instance tree

```

Platform platform
|----- DataIn din
|----- DUT canny
|           |----- Gaussian_Smooth gaussian_smooth
|           |----- Derivative_X_Y derivative_x_y
|           |----- Magnitude_X_Y magnitude_x_y
|           |----- Non_Max_Supp non_max_supp
|           \----- Apply_Hysteresis apply_hysteresis
\----- DataOut dout

```

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Project Assignment 6

- Step 2: Refined structure of the Gaussian Smooth block
 - Expected module instance tree

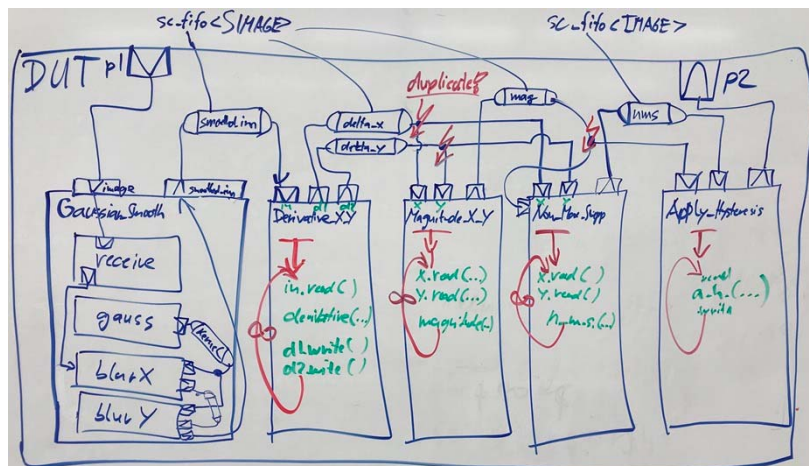
DUT canny

```

|----- Gaussian_Smooth gaussian_smooth
|       |----- Receive_Image receive
|       |----- Gaussian_Kernel gauss
|       |----- BlurX blurX
|       \----- BlurY blurY
|----- Derivative_X_Y derivative_x_y
|----- Magnitude_X_Y magnitude_x_y
|----- Non_Max_Supp non_max_supp
\----- Apply_Hysteresis apply_hysteresis
    
```

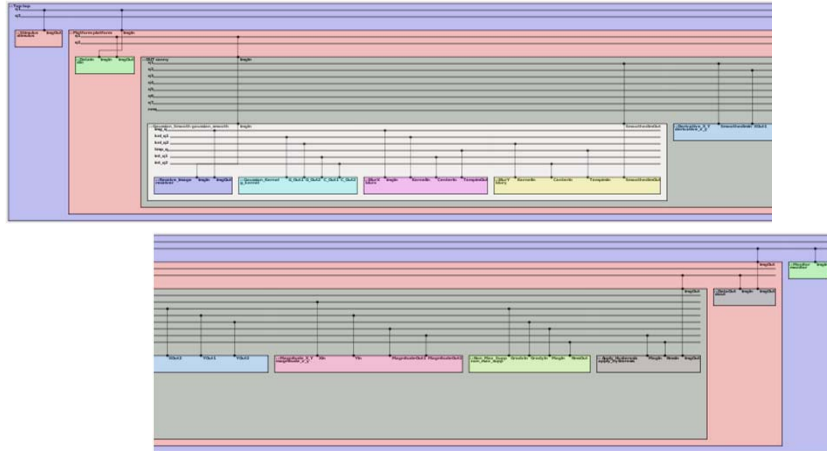
Project Assignment 6

- Task: Structural model of the Canny Edge Detector
 - Discussion on whiteboard: Refined DUT structure



Project Assignment 6

- Task: Structural model of the Canny Edge Detector
 - Expected DUT structure with RISC v0.5.0 `visual` tool



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Project Assignment 6

- Step 3: Profile the Canny functions
 - Performance profiling of the Canny Edge Detector
 - Determine the relative complexity of the Canny functions
 - Is there any performance bottleneck?
 - If so, where?
 - Use the GNU C/C++ profiling tools
 - `g++ -pg`
 - `gprof`
 1. Compile the SystemC source code with option `-pg`
 2. Run the simulation once with instrumentation, obtain `gmon.out`
 3. Run the profiler: `gprof Canny`
 4. Validate the reported call tree
 5. Analyze the “flat profile” for the DUT components (`self`)

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Project Assignment 6

- Step 3: Profile the Canny functions, obtain relative computational complexity

- Expected complexity comparison (in `Canny.txt`):

```
Gaussian_Smooth          ...%
|----- Gaussian_Kernel  ...%
|----- BlurX           ...%
\----- BlurY           ...%
Derivative_X_Y           ...%
Magnitude_X_Y            ...%
Non_Max_Supp             ...%
Apply_Hysteresis         ...%
                        100%
```