

EECS 222: Embedded System Modeling Lecture 14

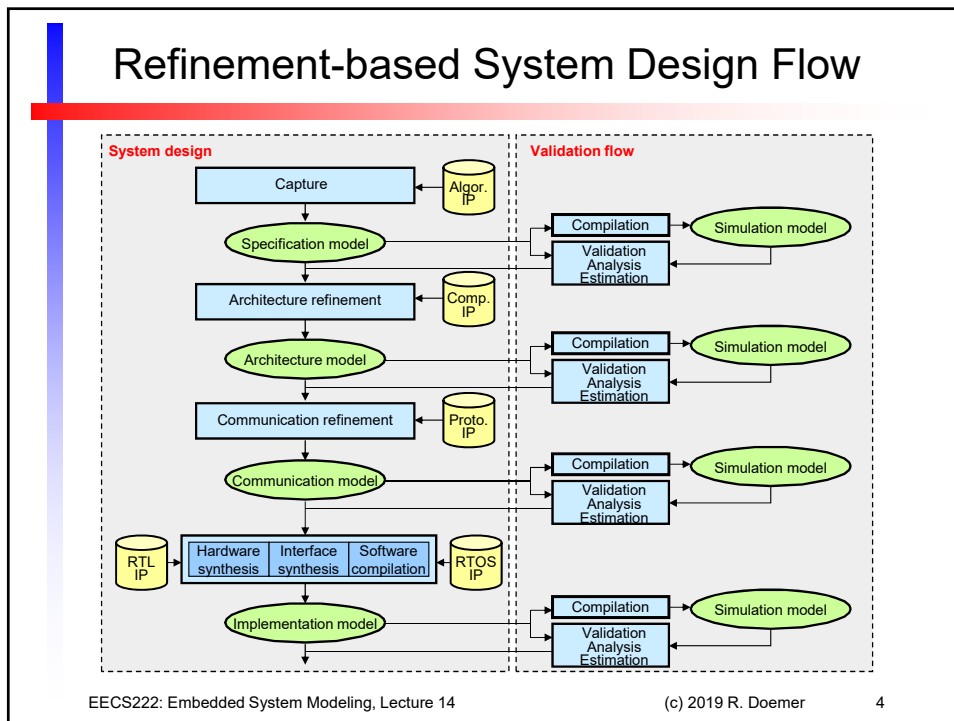
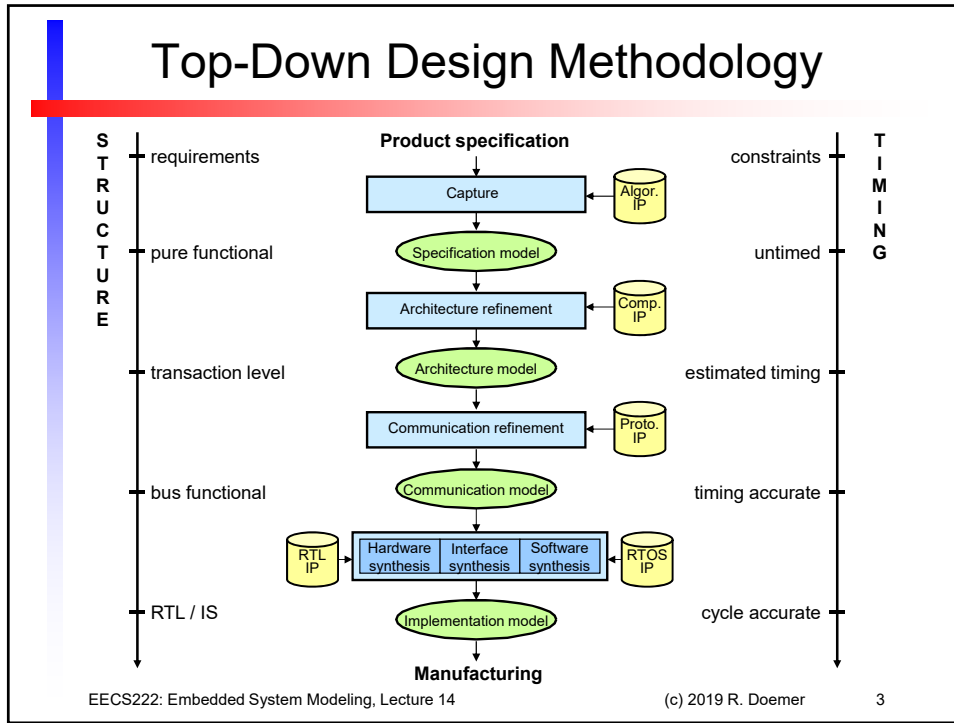
Rainer Dömer

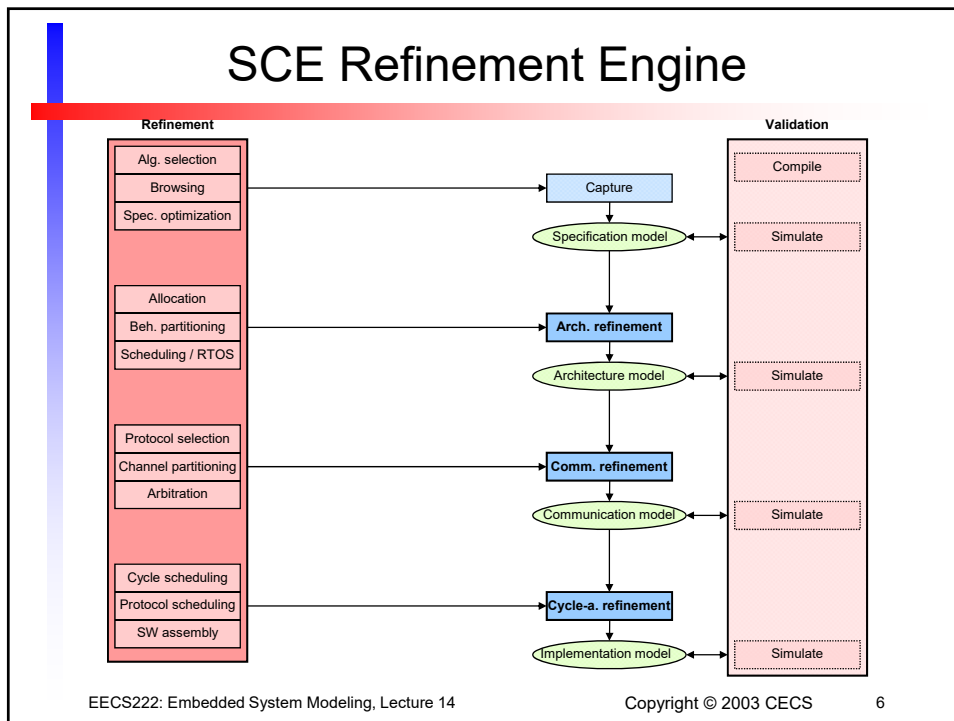
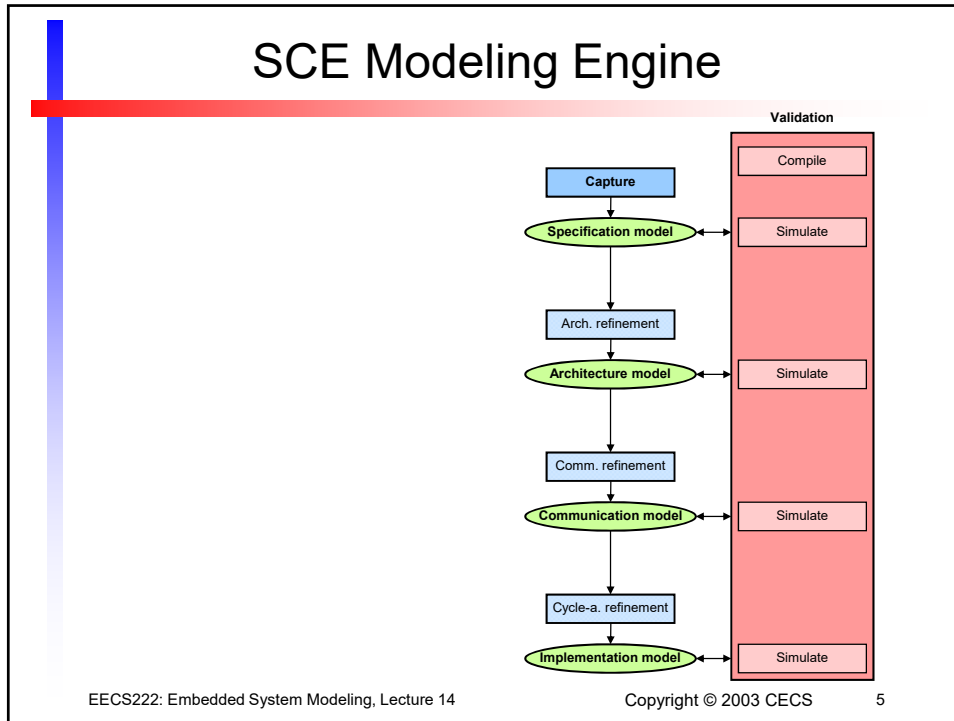
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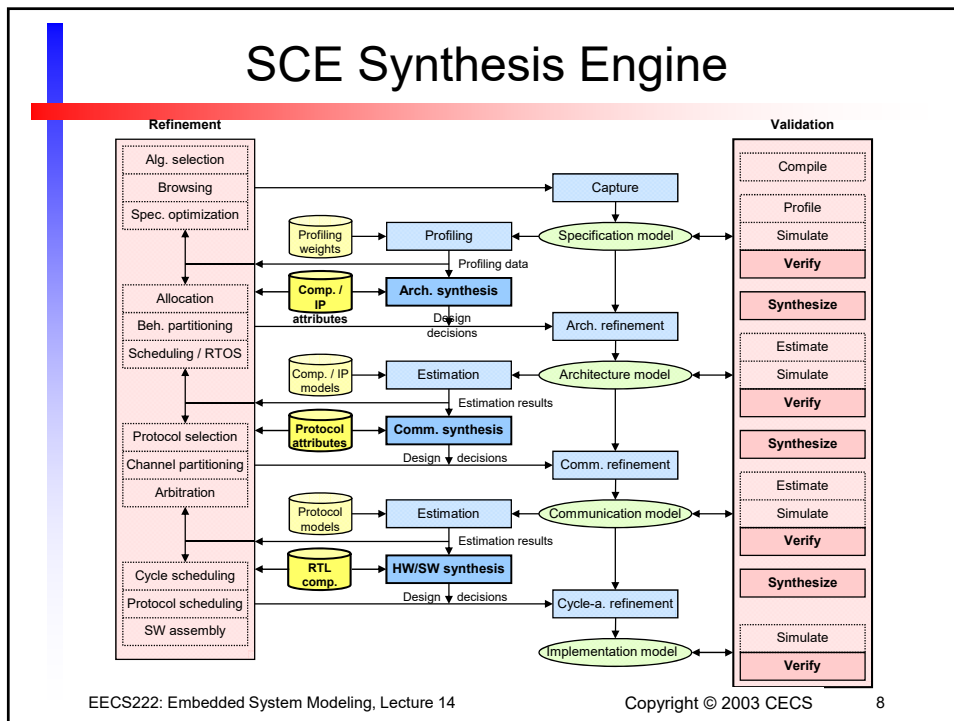
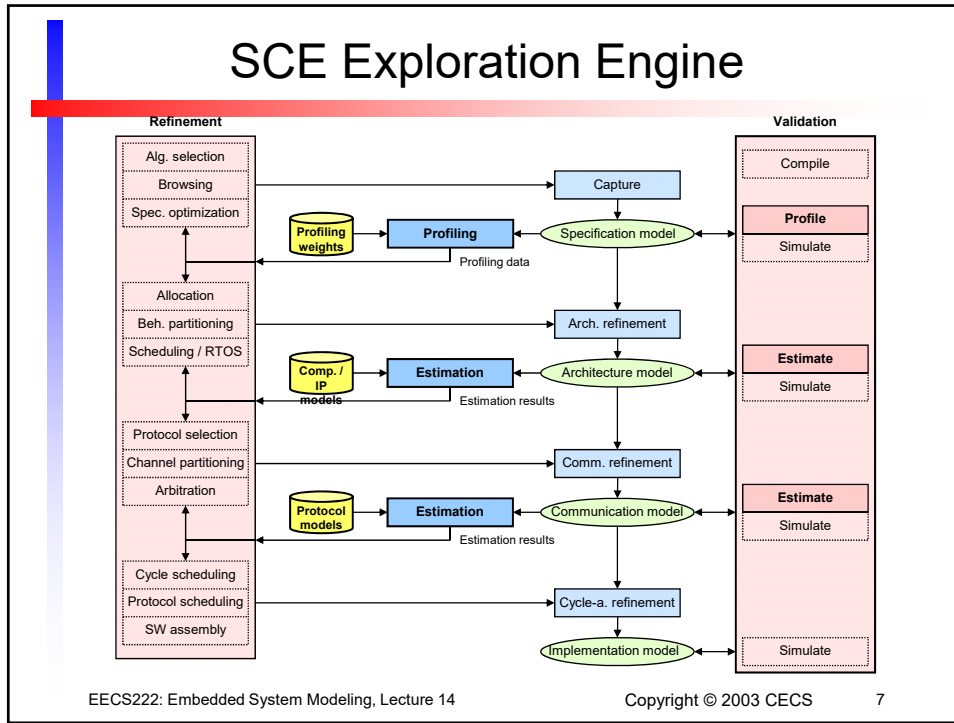
The Henry Samueli School of Engineering
Electrical Engineering and Computer Science
University of California, Irvine

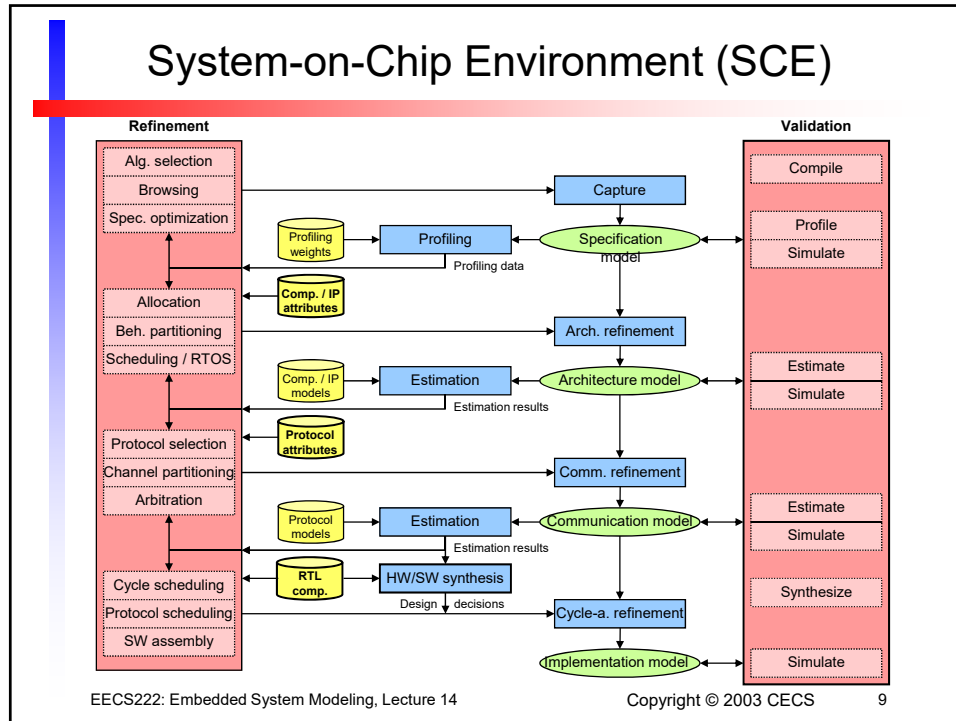
Lecture 14: Overview

- Embedded System Design Flow
 - Top-down design methodology
 - Refinement-based design flow
 - Specify
 - Explore
 - Refine
- System-on-Chip Environment (SCE)
 - Profiling and performance estimation
 - Design Example: GSM Vocoder
 - Interactive demonstration
- Homework Assignment 7
 - Performance estimation of the Canny Edge Detector









SCE Demonstration

- Application Example: GSM Vocoder
 - Exploration of Specification Model
 - Simulation
 - Profiling
 - Performance estimation
 - Interactive demonstration

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SCE Demonstration

- Application Example: GSM Vocoder
 - Enhanced full-rate voice codec
 - GSM standard for mobile telephony (GSM 06.10)
 - Lossy voice encoding/decoding
 - Incoming speech samples @ 104 kbit/s
 - Encoded bit stream @ 12.2 kbit/s
 - Frames of $4 \times 40 = 160$ samples ($4 \times 5\text{ms} = 20\text{ms}$ of speech)
 - Real-time constraint:
 - max. 20ms per speech frame
(max. total of 3.26s for sample speech file)
 - SpecC specification model
 - 29 hierarchical behaviors (9 par, 10 seq, 10 fsm)
 - 73 leaf behaviors
 - 9139 formatted lines of SpecC code
(~13000 lines of original C code, including comments)

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Project Assignment 7

- Task: Performance Estimation of the Canny Edge Detector
 - Profiling to estimate relative computational complexity
 - Instrumentation to measure absolute timing as reference
- Steps
 1. Profile the application, identify performance bottle-necks
 - SpecC: Use SCE profiling tools
 - SystemC: Use GNU profiling tools
 2. Instrument the application, measure timing on reference platform
- Deliverables
 - **Canny.sc** or **Canny.cpp** (choose one!)
 - **Canny.txt** (with numerical values for obtained results)
- Due
 - Next week: February 27, 2019, 6pm

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Project Assignment 7

- Step 1: Profile the application components
 - Performance Estimation of the Canny Edge Detector
 - SpecC model profiling: Use SCE profiler
 - `/opt/sce/bin/sce`
 - Create a new project, import SpecC source code
 - Compile and simulate in SCE (with instrumentation)
 - Run the profiler, analyze tables and charts
 - SystemC model profiling: Use GNU profiler
 - `g++ -pg, gprof`
 - Compile the SystemC source code with option `-pg`
 - Run the simulation once (with instrumentation, `gmon.out`)
 - Run the profiler: `gprof Canny`
 - Validate the reported call tree
 - Analyze the “flat profile” for the DUT components

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Project Assignment 7

- Step 1: Profile the application components, obtain relative computational complexity
 - Expected complexity comparison (in `Canny.txt`):

```

Gaussian_Smooth                ...%
|----- Receive_Image         ...%
|----- Gaussian_Kernel       ...%
|----- BlurX                  ...%
\----- BlurY                  ...%
Derivative_X_Y                  ...%
Magnitude_X_Y                   ...%
Non_Max_Supp                    ...%
Apply_Hysteresis                ...%
                                100%

```

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Project Assignment 7

- Step 2: Instrument the application components
 - Performance Measurement of the Canny Edge Detector
 - Since we do not have a prototyping platform available, we use the department server as reference
 - Instrument your model source code:

```
#include <time.h>
clock_t Tstart, Tstop;
double T1 = 0.0;
...
Tstart = clock();
f();
Tstop = clock();
T1 = (double)(Tstop-Tstart)/CLOCKS_PER_SEC;
```

- Use global variables for this temporary instrumentation

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Project Assignment 7

- Step 2: Instrument the application components, obtain absolute timing on reference platform
 - Expected complexity comparison (also in `Canny.txt`):

```
Gaussian_Smooth          ...sec ...%
|----- Receive_Image   ...sec ...%
|----- Gaussian_Kernel ...sec ...%
|----- BlurX           ...sec ...%
\----- BlurY           ...sec ...%
Derivative_X_Y           ...sec ...%
Magnitude_X_Y            ...sec ...%
Non_Max_Supp             ...sec ...%
Apply_Hysteresis         ...sec ...%
                        100%
```

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