

# EECS 222: Embedded System Modeling Lecture 5

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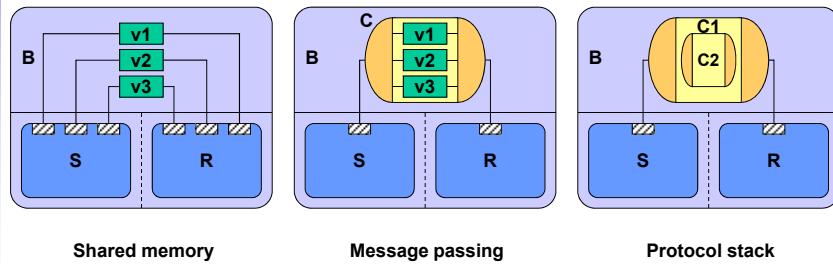
The Henry Samueli School of Engineering  
Electrical Engineering and Computer Science  
University of California, Irvine

## Lecture 5: Overview

- Review
  - Communication and synchronization in SpecC
  - Assignment 2: Producer-consumer example in SpecC
- SpecC Standard Channels
  - Synchronization
  - Communication
- SpecC Tools
  - Compiler and simulator
  - SIR tools
  - Debugging and tracing

## The SpecC Language

- Communication and synchronization
  - via shared variable
  - via channel with interfaces
  - via hierarchical channels



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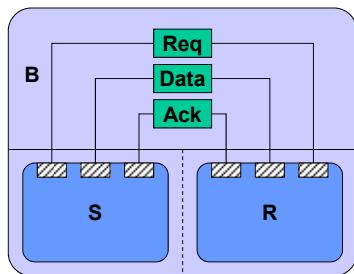
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## The SpecC Language

- Synchronization
  - Event type
    - **event <event\_List>;**
  - Synchronization primitives
    - **wait <event\_list>;**
    - **notify <event\_list>;**
    - **notifyone <event\_list>;**

```
behavior S(out event Req,
           out float Data,
           in event Ack)
{
  float X;
  void main(void)
  {
    ...
    Data = X;
    notify Req;
    wait Ack;
    ...
  }
};

behavior R(in event Req,
           in float Data,
           out event Ack)
{
  float Y;
  void main(void)
  {
    ...
    wait Req;
    Y = Data;
    notify Ack;
    ...
  }
};
```



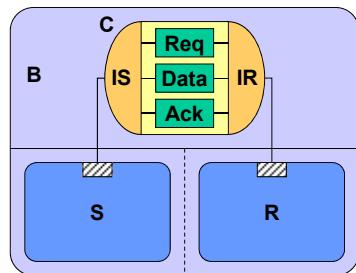
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## The SpecC Language

- Communication
  - Interface class
    - interface <name>**  
`{ <declarations> };`
  - Channel class
    - channel <name>**  
**implements <interfaces>**  
`{ <implementations> };`



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```

interface IS
{
    void Send(float);
};

interface IR
{
    float Receive(void);
};

channel C
    implements IS, IR
{
    event Req;
    float Data;
    event Ack;

    void Send(float X)
    {
        Data = X;
        notify Req;
        wait Ack;
    }

    float Receive(void)
    {
        float Y;
        wait Req;
        Y = Data;
        notify Ack;
        return Y;
    }
};

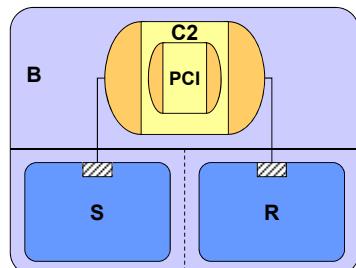
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## The SpecC Language

- Hierarchical channel
  - Virtual channel implemented by standard bus protocol
    - Example: simplified PCI bus



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```

interface PCI_IF
{
    void Transfer(
        enum Mode,
        int NumBytes,
        int Address);
};

interface IS
{
    void Send(float);
};

interface IR
{
    float Receive(void);
};

channel PCI
    implements PCI_IF;

channel C2
    implements IS, IR
{
    PCI Bus;
    void Send(float X)
    {
        Bus.Transfer(
            PCI_WRITE,
            sizeof(X),&X);
    }

    float Receive(void)
    {
        float Y;
        Bus.Transfer(
            PCI_READ,
            sizeof(Y),&Y);
        return Y;
    }
};

```

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## Homework Assignment 2

- Task: Introduction to SpecC Compiler and Simulator
- Steps
  - Setup the SpecC compiler `scc`
    - `source /opt/sce/bin/setup.csh`
  - Use `scc` to compile and simulate some simple examples
    - `scc HelloWorld -vv`
    - See `man scc` for the compiler manual page
  - Build and simulate a Producer-Consumer example
    - See slide 8 for reference
    - Producer `Prod` should send string “`Beans and Potatoes`” character by character to the consumer `Cons`
    - Both print the sent/received characters to the screen
- Deliverables
  - Source and log file: `ProdCons.sc`, `ProdCons.log`
- Due
  - January 23, 2019, 6pm

## The SpecC Language

- Summary
  - True superset of ANSI-C
    - ANSI-C plus extensions for HW-design
  - Support of all concepts needed in system design
    - Structural hierarchy
    - Behavioral hierarchy
    - State transitions
    - Exception handling
    - Communication
    - Synchronization
    - Timing
    - Library support
    - Persistent annotation
    - Register Transfer Level (RTL) modeling (*discussed later*)

## SpecC Standard Channels

- SpecC Standard Channel Library
  - introduced with SpecC Language Version 2.0
  - safe and consistent modeling of common channels with standard interfaces
- Standard Synchronization Channels
  - Mutually exclusive execution
    - Semaphore, mutex, critical section
  - Dependent execution
    - Token
    - Handshake, barrier
- Standard Communication Channels
  - Typed and type-less message passing
    - Double handshake
    - Queue

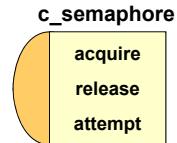
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## SpecC Standard Channels

- Standard Synchronization Channels
  - Mutually exclusive execution
    - Semaphore



```
interface i_semaphore
{
    void acquire(void);
    void release(void);
    bool attempt(void);
};
```

```
channel c_semaphore(
    in const unsigned long c)
implements i_semaphore;
```

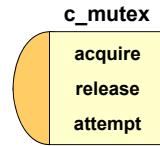
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## SpecC Standard Channels

- Standard Synchronization Channels
  - Mutually exclusive execution
    - Semaphore
    - Mutex



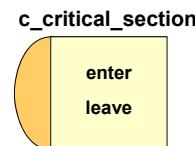
```
interface i_semaphore
{
    void acquire(void);
    void release(void);
    bool attempt(void);
};
```

```
channel c_mutex
    implements i_semaphore;
```

```
channel c_semaphore(
    in const unsigned long c)
    implements i_semaphore;
```

## SpecC Standard Channels

- Standard Synchronization Channels
  - Mutually exclusive execution
    - Critical section

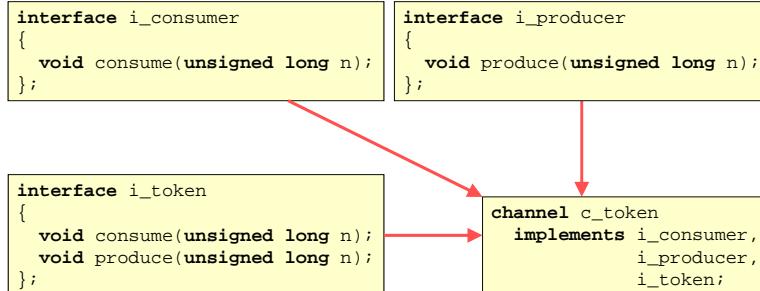
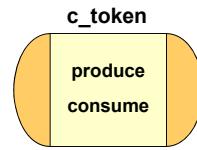


```
interface i_critical_section
{
    void enter(void);
    void leave(void);
};
```

```
channel c_critical_section
    implements i_critical_section;
```

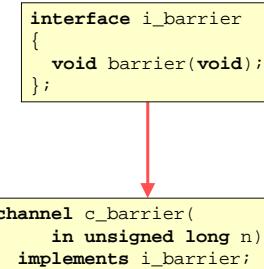
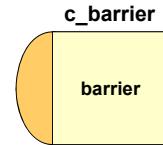
## SpecC Standard Channels

- Standard Synchronization Channels
  - Dependent execution
  - Token



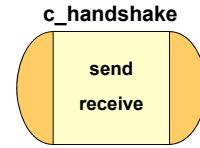
## SpecC Standard Channels

- Standard Synchronization Channels
  - Dependent execution
  - Barrier



## SpecC Standard Channels

- Standard Synchronization Channels
  - Dependent execution
  - Handshake



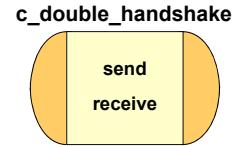
```
interface i_receive
{
    void receive(void);
};
```

```
interface i_send
{
    void send(void);
};
```

```
channel c_handshake
implements i_receive,
i_send;
```

## SpecC Standard Channels

- Standard Communication Channels
  - Type-less message passing
  - Double handshake



```
interface i_receiver
{
    void receive(void *d,
                unsigned long l);
};
```

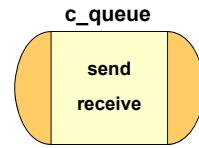
```
interface i_sender
{
    void send(void *d,
              unsigned long l);
};
```

```
interface i_tranceiver
{
    void receive(void *d, unsigned long l);
    void send(void *d, unsigned long l);
};
```

```
channel c_double_handshake
implements i_receiver,
i_sender;
```

## SpecC Standard Channels

- Standard Communication Channels
  - Type-less message passing
    - Double handshake
    - Queue



```
interface i_receiver
{
    void receive(void *d,
                 unsigned long l);
};
```

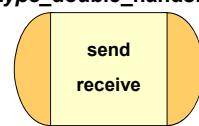
```
interface i_sender
{
    void send(void *d,
              unsigned long l);
};
```

```
interface i_tranceiver
{
    void receive(void *d, unsigned long l);
    void send(void *d, unsigned long l);
};
```

```
channel c_queue(
    in const unsigned long s)
implements i_receiver,
          i_sender,
          i_tranceiver;
```

## SpecC Standard Channels

- Standard Communication Channels `c_type_double_handshake`
  - Typed message passing
    - Double handshake



```
interface i_type_receiver
{
    void receive(type *d);
};
```

```
interface i_type_sender
{
    void send(type d);
};
```

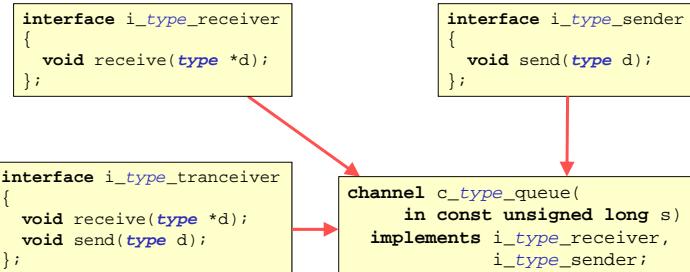
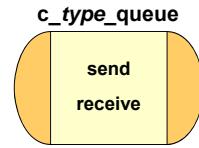
```
interface i_type_tranceiver
{
    void receive(type *d);
    void send(type d);
};
```

```
channel c_type_double_handshake
implements i_type_receiver,
          i_type_sender;
```

- `type` can be any basic or composite SpecC type

## SpecC Standard Channels

- Standard Communication Channels
  - Typed message passing
    - Double handshake
    - Queue



- *type* can be any basic or composite SpecC type

## SpecC Standard Channels

- Using Standard Channels
  - Import synchronization channels
    - semaphore channel `import "c_semaphore";`
    - mutex channel `import "c_mutex";`
    - critical section `import "c_critical_section";`
    - token `import "c_token";`
    - barrier `import "c_barrier";`
    - handshake `import "c_handshake";`
  - Import type-less communication channels
    - double handshake `import "c_double_handshake";`
    - queue `import "c_queue";`
  - Include typed communication channels
    - double handshake `#include <c_typed_double_handshake>`
    - queue `#include <c_typed_queue>`

## SpecC Standard Channels

- Using Typed Communication Channels
  - Include channel header file (from \$SPECC/inc/)
    - double handshake `#include <c_typed_double_handshake>`
    - queue `#include <c_typed_queue>`
  - Example:

```
#include <c_typed_queue.sh>
struct pack { int a, b, c; };
DEFINE_I_TYPED_SENDER(pack, struct pack)
DEFINE_I_TYPED_RECEIVER(pack, struct pack)
DEFINE_C_TYPED_QUEUE(pack, struct pack)
behavior Sender(i_pack_sender Port)
{ void main(void)
    { struct pack Data = { 1, 2, 3 };
        // ...
        Port.send(Data);
        // ...
    }
};
```

Example source code available here:  
<~/eeecs222/public/queue.sc>

## SpecC Tools

- Compilation and Simulation
  - `scc DesignName -sc2out -vv -ww`
  - `./DesignName`
  - Header file `sim.sh`
    - Access to simulation time
      - macros PICO\_SEC, NANO\_SEC, MICRO\_SEC, MILLI\_SEC, SEC
      - typedef `sim_time`, `sim_delta`, `sim_time_string`
      - function `now()`, `delta()`
      - conversion functions `time2str()`, `str2time()`
    - Handling of bit vectors
      - conversion functions `bit2str()`, `ubit2str()`, `str2bit()`, `str2ubit()`
    - Handling of long-long values
      - conversion functions `ll2str()`, `ull2str()`, `str2ll()`, `str2ull()`

## SpecC Tools

- SpecC Simulation Time

- Example: Print the current simulation time

```
#include <sim.sh>
...
sim_time t;
sim_delta d;
sim_time_string buffer;
...
t = now(); d = delta();
printf("Time is now %s pico seconds.\n", time2str(buffer, t));
printf("(delta count is %s)\n", time2str(buffer, d));
waitfor 42000 NANO_SEC;
printf("Time is now %s pico seconds.\n", time2str(buffer, t));
printf("Time is now %s nano seconds.\n",
      time2str(buffer, t/(1 NANO_SEC)));
...
```

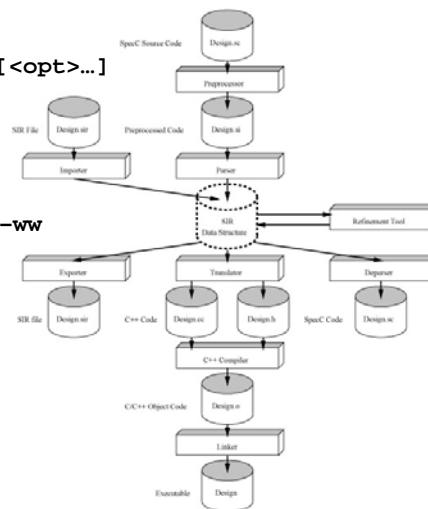
## SpecC Tools

- SpecC Compiler

- Command line interface
- Usage: `scc <design> [<cmd>] [<opt>...]`
- Help: `scc -h`  
`man scc`

- Example:

```
% scc HelloWorld -sc2out -v -ww
scc: SpecC Compiler V 2.2.1
(c)2012 CECS, UC Irvine
Preprocessing...
Parsing...
Translating...
Compiling...
Linking...
Done.
```



## SpecC Tools

- SIR Tools

- Tools working with SpecC Internal Representation (SIR) files

- Example:

```
% scc Adder -sc2sir -o Adder.sir
- % sir_list -t Adder.sir
- behavior ADD8
- behavior AND2
- behavior FA
- behavior HA
- behavior Main
- behavior XOR2
- % sir_tree -bt Adder.sir FA
- behavior FA
- |----- HA hal
- |   |----- AND2 and1
- |   \----- XOR2 xor1
- |----- HA ha2
- |   |----- AND2 and1
- |   \----- XOR2 xor1
- \----- OR2 or1
```

## SpecC Tools

- Debugging

- `scc DesignName -sc2out -vv -ww -g -G`  
`gdb ./DesignName`  
`ddd ./DesignName`

- Header file `sim.sh`

- Access to simulation engine state
      - functions `ready_queue()`, `running_queue()`, etc.
      - functions `_print_ready_queue()`,  
`_print_running_queue()`, etc.
      - function `_print_process_states()`
      - function `_print_simulator_state()`

- Access to current instance

- functions `active_class()`, `active_instance()`
    - functions `current_class()`, `current_instance()`
    - functions `print_active_path()`, `print_current_path()`
    - ...

## SpecC Tools

- Tracing

- `scc DesignName -sc2out -vv -ww -Tvcds  
./DesignName  
gtkwave DesignName.vcd`
- Trace instructions in file `DesignName.do`
- Trace log in file `DesignName.vcd`
- Waveform display `gtkwave`
  - available as `/opt/gtkwave/bin/gtkwave`

- Documentation:

- E. Johnson, A. Gerstlauer, R. Dömer:  
*"Efficient Debugging and Tracing of System Level Designs"*,  
CECS Technical Report 06-08, May 2006.
- [http://www.cecs.uci.edu/~doemer/publications/CECS\\_TR\\_06\\_08.pdf](http://www.cecs.uci.edu/~doemer/publications/CECS_TR_06_08.pdf)